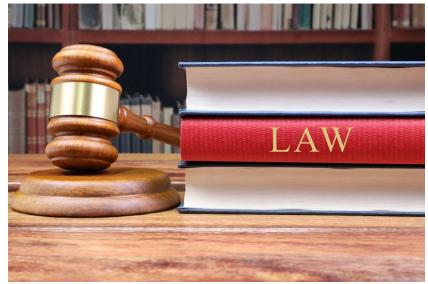


Implementation of Quality Assurance in Education and Training in Radiation Protection

HELEEN VAN ELSÄCKER-DEGENAAR

# History legislation

- 1963: Nuclear Act in place
- ► 1970: Nuclear Act implemented
- ► 1972: Advice of the Health Council of the Netherlands
  - ► 5 Levels of Expertise
- 1973: Implementation by Training Providers
- ▶ 1984: Requirements (K) for Education and Training
- 1987: Recognition of Training Providers
- 2002: Possibility of Recognition of QE by Authorities in legislation
- > 2018: Recognition of RPE by Authorities implemented





#### History Quality Assurance -1

- ▶ Before 2008: State Commissioner reviews exams
- ▶ Up to 2018: State Commissioner chairs Exam Committee RPE
  - No review of RPO Education
- 2011 2014: Discussion about Recognition of Providers / Courses / Training
- > 2015: Research by NRG
  - QA for whom
  - Goal of QA
  - Stakeholders
- ▶ 2018: New legislation
  - Implementation 2013/59/Euratom





## Changes in legislation 2018

#### 2018 QA in Legislation about

- **RPE** Registration of RPE (two levels) Learning Outcomes based on KSC
- RPO Learning Outcomes based on KSC Supervision is added in Training Medical, Dentistry, Veterinary Nuclear industry, Accelerators, NDT NORM, Open Radioactive Sources (dispersible) Measurement and Control



Providers RP training Providers recognised by the Competent Authority



# History Quality Assurance - 2

- 2010: College of Training Providers decides on Quality Criteria
  - In Legislation (2015)
- 2014 2015: NRG Study towards Content-related Review of Quality Criteria
  - Review through Self-Assessment
  - Peer Review / Commercial Review
  - Request NVS to organize the review



- 2015 2019: Dutch IRPA association (NVS) establishes ad hoc committee
- > 2019: Dutch IRPA association (NVS) decides to establish a Foundation
  - (Reimbursed) Volunteers



# Foundation to Review Quality of Education and Training in RP

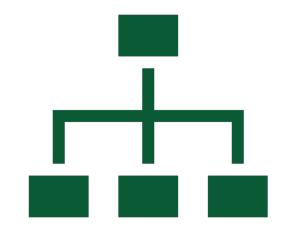
- Establishment of the Foundation 2020
- Competent Authority financially supports Implementation QA
- Review process
  - Ad hoc Committee prepares Review of Quality Process
    - Web-based System Self-Assessment
    - Procedures
  - Recruitment Volunteers
  - Pilot





# Organisation of Foundation

- Supervisory Board with Representants of:
  - Dutch IRPA association (NVS)
  - Competent Authority
- Board Directors
  - Director
  - Secretary
  - Treasurer
- Preparation Committee Quality Supervision KOS Foundation (discontinued)
- List of Volunteers
- ► Committee for Review





## Preparation - Starting Principles

- Content-driven Review
- No Inspection
- Mutual Confidence
- Efficient Input of Limited Time at Reasonable Costs
- Independent Foundation / Committee
- Transparent and Uniform Review
- Participation is Voluntary (Reviewer and Provider)
  - Advantages Training Provider to Participate





#### Preparation - Process of Review

- Self assessment by Training Provider
  - Training provider
  - Each RP Education / Training offered
- Review of Self Assessment by Commission for Review
  - 2 or 3 Members
  - Review PDCA cycle
  - Review Learning Outcomes content-related
  - Prepare for Site-Visit
- ► Site-Visit





## Process of Review(2)

- Concept report
  - Majors / Minors / Suggestions
  - Fact checking by Training Provider
- Action Plan to solve Majors and Minors (Provider)
- Definitive version Review Report submitted to Training Provider
  - Included: Acceptance of solving Majors / Minors
- Training Provider hands over the Report to the Competent Authority during the Recognition Process



#### Time Management

#### Corona

Development of Web-based System

- Changes
- Iteration Process
- Digital Signature





#### Take-home message

- Different steps in Quality Assurance in Training (Providers)
- Foundation
- Review process
  - Self-Assessment
  - ► Site Visit
  - Report
  - Action Plan



# Questions later



